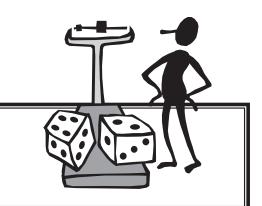
## **Chapter 9: Regression Wisdom**

## **Key Vocabulary:**

- extrapolation
- interpolation
- leverage

- influential point
- lurking variable
- homogeneous



- 1. If a histogram of residuals appears to be bimodal or multimodal, what might you conclude (or at least investigate) about the data?
- 2. Why is it important to examine a residual plot even if a scatterplot appears to be linear?
- 3. What is meant by extrapolation?
- 4. Why is extrapolation dangerous?
- 5. How is interpolation different than extrapolation?
- 6. How do you identify an outlier in a scatterplot?
- 7. What is meant by a point that has high leverage?
- 8. Explain the difference between an outlier and an influential point in a scatterplot.
- 9. Even if a strong association is observed between two variables, it may be wrong to assume that changing one variable will cause a change in the other variable. Explain why.
- 10. Why do scatterplots of summary statistics show less scatter than those of individual observations.